WORLD

ISSUE 2 JUNE 2020

An eTwinning Project

SPECIAL FEATURE: CORONAVIRUS CRISIS

CITY PRESENTATIONS

SURVEY RESULTS: HOW HEALTHY IS YOUR LIFESTYLE?

FOOD TRADITIONS: a recipe book

SAFE INTERNET TIPS
GET TO KNOW OUR NATIONAL CELEBRITIES
OUR COLLABORATIVE STORY! (English and partners' languages)

SPORT and TRADITIONAL DRESSES in our different countries FOCUS ON CROATIA PETRA, THE ROSE CITY ROMANIAN MYTHS AND LEGENDS GREEK FESTIVITIES

SURVEY 3: how global are you?





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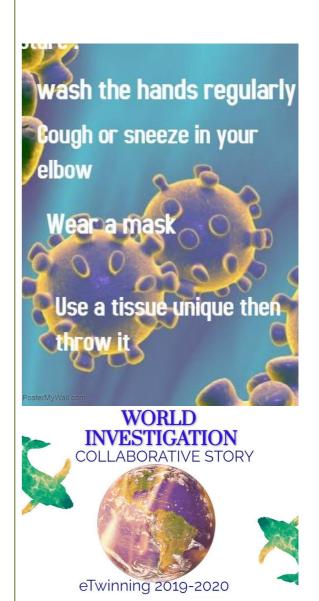
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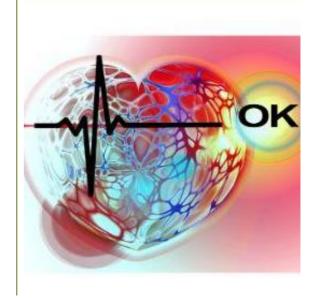
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eTwinning

INFOMAG

On the right, a collage of the different tools we 've been using to communicate with our students during the lockdown.

<u>Issue 1 review by</u> <u>Seoyoung, Korea .</u>

The most impressive article for me was 'Helen K meets ... Michael Phillips 'because he's been swimming since he was a kid, and by winning more than 20 medals at the Olympics, he feels like he's become the winner of his life. In particular, the last part was touching when he said 'Do your favorite things consistently and try to achieve your dream '. from now on, I should be the one who doesn't feel discouraged and makes my dream come true

... By Seoyoung, Korea



eTwinning at home . eTwinning in times of school closure

As you all know, most of the schools in Europe, Asia and the rest of the world closed for several weeks because of the pandemic and lockdown. However, World Investigation partners have never ceased working on the project and managed to complete most of the tasks .No doubt that our eTwinning experience was a great help for online teaching as we are all very familiar with online platforms, visio conferencing, collaborative tools and social networks.

In this issue, you will be able to see the result of this work: the results of our second survey, our collaborative story beautifully illustrated by our students, a collaborative recipe book, sport pages, a page about traditional dresses, our celebrity page, safe internet tips, a page about Greek festivities, another one about Romanian legends, a history page and a presentation of the beautiful Jordan city PETRA and of course a special feature about COVID 19.

As our schools are progressively opening again, we are nevertheless aware that the virus is still active in many parts of the world. We have a special thought for all the victims of this virus and their families and wish all our students, our partners, the whole etwinning community and every single person the best for the future.

Be safe, stay healthy!

What city are we from?

Petroupoli,Greece Irbid, Jordan Abraham, Slovakia Seoul, Korea



Petroupoli Greece

Petroupoli is a suburb of Athens, 8 km from the city center. It is expanded on 3 hills on the west side of Attica region. It has amazing view even to Acropolis and to Piraeus port. It is famous for the open theater created at the old town's pits. Petrou-Poli =Stone City



Abraham, Slovakia

Abrahám is a village and municipality in Galanta District of the Trnava Region of south-west Slovakia.

▼ Irbid, Jordan

Irbid known in ancient times as Arabella or Arbela the capital and largest city of the Irbid Governorate. It also has the second largest metropolitan population in Jordan



Seoul, Korea

Seoul is the capital city of Repulic of Korea. Something is always going on in Seoul. Many people, brisk atmosphere, good food, history and culture. It's a big city with lots of various people in it.



What city we are from?

Ekali, Greece Terni, Italy Lysychansk, Ukraine Đakovo, Croatia



Terni, Italy

Terni is a beautiful city in Italy, Umbria. This city was very important in the second world war, because there is a steelworks and a weapons armor. Terni is the city of love in fact the patron of the city is San Valentino, the Saint of love. In Terni you can visit some history monument, for example: sword palace, the spear of light, the bank of Italy.



Đakovo, Croatia

Đakovo is a beautiful town in the heart of Slavonia. We are proud of our cathedral and the State Stud Farm.

Ekali, northern suburb of Athens in Greece It is a lovely rural area which is very green and

It is a lovely rural area which is very green and full of trees. It is very close to downtown Athens which is a bustling metropolis, filled with historic landmarks. Athens is the heart of the Ancient Greek civilization.



Lysychansk, Ukraine

Lysychansk is a town in Luhansk region in Ukraine. The nature is great and fascinating here. Welcome to Lysychansk!



What city are we from?

St Paul de Fenouillet, France Sancaktepe Istanbul, Turkey Galati, Romania Massa, Morocco



Saint-Paul de Fenouillet, France

Saint-Paul is located in the south of France, near Perpignan. in the département called 'les Pyrénées Orientales'. This small town is surrounded with vineyards and beautiful landscapes. It is well-known for its chapter house, its gorges and its tasty biscuits, the 'croquants'.



Massa, Morocco

Massa town is located in a southern region of Morocco called Souss Massa. Massa Town is well-known for its beautiful beaches, landscapes and argan trees and the rare northern bald ibis.

Abdurrahmnagazi İmam Hatip Ortaokulu İstanbul, Türkiye

Istanbul is a metropol city of Turkey. This city located on two continents; Europe and Asia. In other words, Istanbul is a city which links the 2 continents of Asia and Europe together. It has been a home to various religions, cultures and civilizations for centuries.



◀ Galati, Romania

Galaţi city is located in the Eastern part of România. It is located on the left bank of the Danube, at the confluence of the two rivers: the Siret and the Prut. The Danube waterfront is a green recreational area for walking, sports competitions and recitals.



WORLD INVESTIGATION









The last chapters of our collaborative story are online on our genial.ly presentation.

Follow our heroes, John and Mary in their challenging adventures around the world. Will they manage to save our planet threatened by human pollution? Will they be able to face a terrible creature whose only aim is to destroy humanity?

HAVE A LOOK AT OUR COLLABORATIVE BOOK IN ENGLISH (page 13) BUT ALSO IN ALL OUR LANGUAGES(page 16)

Collaborative story World Investigation eTwinning Project

COLLABORATIVE STORY Here are the first paragraphs of part 7 by the Ukrainian team

Having looked at the burning firmament, Maria held the handrail of a small pleasure boat and breathed in the warm air, admiring the Arctic Ocean. Suddenly John shouted, "Maria, I see a child who's floating on the great waves made from a pile of garbage!". At this time her heart was overcome by worry, fear and it caused her to go into a panic. Maria hurried up to John. "John, save that poor child, please!", Maria said tremulously. And that minute John jumped into the cold ocean because no one's life is more valuable and important than that boy's life. When John came out of the water, he carried the little boy in his hands, then put him onto the boat's depth, and covered him with a fuzzy blanket.

Maria behold a glowing horizon, thinking about parents who weren't found, and she saw the floating mountain of trash. Since John noticed that about half an hour had passed, the child woke up unexpectedly. John asked with curiosity, "What happened to you?". Coughing boy replied, "I was resting along with my family. It was a sunny day. I was sailing far away to find an island of my dreams. The dark clouds covered the heavens and at the same time a great storm blew up around. As soon as lightning had struck abruptly in our boat, the stormy waves rolled over and crashed it. Eh... I forgot what was further".

(to be continued)

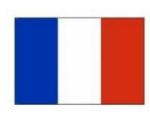


Each team has illustrated the chapter written by another partner. For instance the Romanian team has proposed illustrations for the chapter written by the Greek students, the Croatian team the chapter written by the French students.

Collaborative story World Investigation eTwinning Project

Extracts of our story in the different partners' languages





TURKISH and FRENCH

John şişeyi eline alarak üzüntülü bir şekilde yatağına uzanmıştı. Bir yandan düşünüyor, bir yandan da planlar yapmaya çalışıyordu. Doğru yere nasıl gidecekti? Şişeyi incelemeye başladı.

.... Tout à coup le sol s'effondra et l'intégralité du grenier s'écroula. Mary était assommée mais elle reprit rapidement connaissance. La créature avait disparu mais John était là, entre la vie et la mort.

ITALIAN and KOREAN

... ha incontrato molte delle altre persone che aveva conosciuto quando era bambino, ed erano morti. La fabbrica era l'origine di tutti i problemi. L'anidride carbonica, e la fuliggine, sono stati rilasciati ovunque.

"너희들은 함께 이 바다를 청소해야 해. 우선 John, 너는 우선 플라스틱을 모으고 그리고 나서 Marry는 캔을 모아야 해. 그것들은 나에게 나에게 가져와! 내가 그것들을 처리 할께.







GREEK and UKRAINIAN

Ενώ τα παιδιά ακολουθούσαν το σκύλο μέσα από ένα σκιερό μονοπάτι με ψηλά δένδρα και στις δυο πλευρές ,ξαφνιάστηκαν από τη θέα των ρομπότ που άρχιζαν να τους περιτριγυρίζουν και καλώντας τους σε παράδοση .Εκείνη τη στιγμή ,το κροατικό σκυλί σταμάτησε να τρέχει.

Марія тримала поручень невеликого прогулянкового катера й дихала теплим повітрям, милуючись Північним Льодовитим океаном і спостерігаючи за розжареним небом. І раптом Джон закричав: "Маріє, я бачу дитину, яка пливе на великих хвилях із купи сміття!". У цей час її серце відчуло хвилювання, страх, і це змусило її впасти в паніку. Марія поспішила до Івана. "Джоне, врятуй бідну дитину, будь ласка!",

Many countries, many languages!





MOROCCAN (ARABIC) CROATIAN

جون في مكان مختلف الآن. إنه في قمة الجبل. من مناك كان يشاهد البحر المتوسط. إنه واسع للغاية وناك كان يشاهد البحر المتوسط. إنه واسع للغاية وذو لون أزرق جميل. وقف جون معجبا بذلك المشهد الرائع. وتساءل عن عدد المخلوقات التي تعيش في هذا البحر وعن مدى تأثير التلوث على الحياة فيه. تذكر سلاحف كاريتا كاريتا، وكيف كادوا ان

I onda, boca se počela tresti, postala je kipuća. Mary je bacila bocu jer je bila prevruća. Toliko se tresla da je napravila



ROMANIAN and **SLOVAK**

Pentru a face ca dorința arzătoare a copiilor să devină realitate, Ahmed a trebuit să îndeplinească o misiune care nu era tocmai ușoară. I s-a cerut să rezolve un puzzle dintr-o mână de piese de puzzle.

Hneď potom ako si stiahla svoj plášť, všetky bytosti sa zmenili na OBROV. Áno, všetky zvieratá sa začali pomaly, ale isto zväčšovať. Boli tak obrovské, že Ján, Mária a Ahmed dokonca neboli schopní vidieť na oblohe slnko.









JORDAN (ARABIC)

رفعت أجنحة لول الكستناء الثلاثي أعلى وأعلى في السماء. تدحرجت سهول الزمرد تحته المنتشرة من قبل بعض المباني ، وهي العلامة الوحيدة للحضارة هنا. لقد نجا للتو من هجوم الروبوتات بمساعدة زوي. تمنت ماري أن تكون زوي معه على ظهر النسر المقنطر. أصبحت هي لا وصديقات العلى الرغم من

OUR COLLABORATIVE STORY EBOOK
IN ALL THE DIFFERENT LANGUAGES

The World in Your Hands



World investigation eTwinningProject

Book covers that were suggested by students

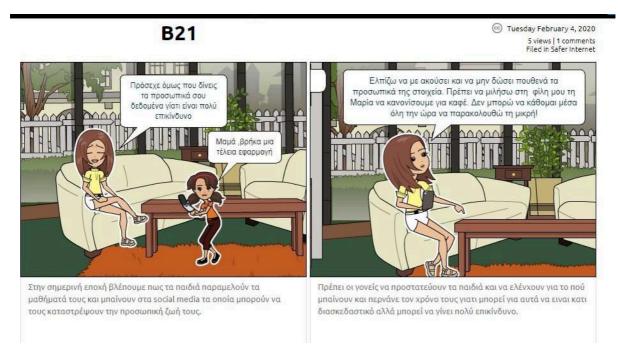


Other title suggestions:

- A message in the bottle
- Planet SOS
- Risky Rescue around the World
- An unforgettable adventure
- Intruders
- Supernature
- The magic Potion
- The travellers
- Heal the World
- Home



Celebrating SID 2020



ISSUU with comics https://issuu.com/azafei/docs/sid_2020/s/10197652 and a video https://youtu.be/DjyQKyoeHH8





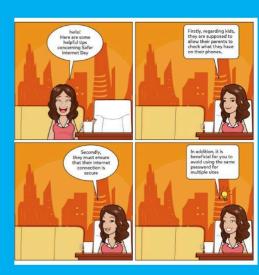




SAFER INTERNET DAY TIPS











yes please tell me.



BY THE GREEK STUDENTS FROM

ARSAKEIA TOSITSEIA JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS IN EKALI,GREECE



can that help me???

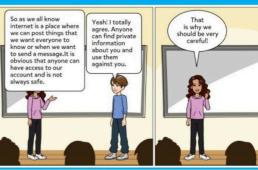
firstly you should install a fire wall and a good antivirus



do you know how to surf the internet safely???

can give you some tips.











Celebrating Safer Internet Day in Collège Joseph Calvet, Saint-Paul de Fenouillet







Students watched a video and discussed about the dangers they could face on the internet and social networks



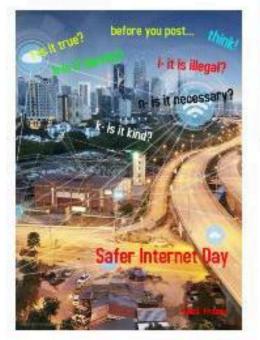


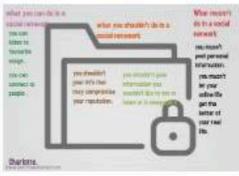




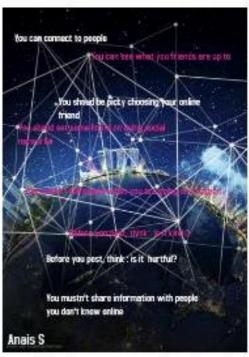
They created esafety posters











Survey 2 Results



Results of Survey 2. World Investigation

Brainstorming in partners' schools

Each team proposed a serie of questions about our lifestyle . They were uploaded in our twinboard .Twenty-three were selected to create our second survey

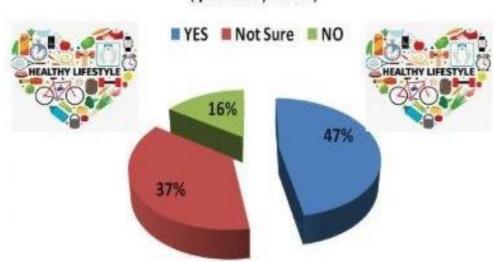


World Investigation survey 2 Etwinning Project

more results....

1. Is your everyday lifestyle healthy?

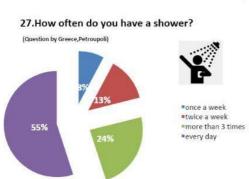
(question by Jordan)

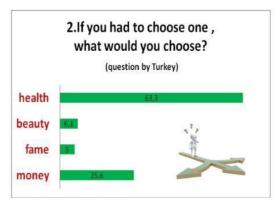


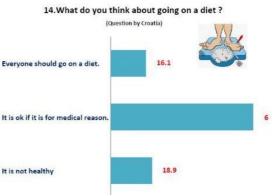
Click on the picture to see all the results

The results were also commented at school by the different teams.

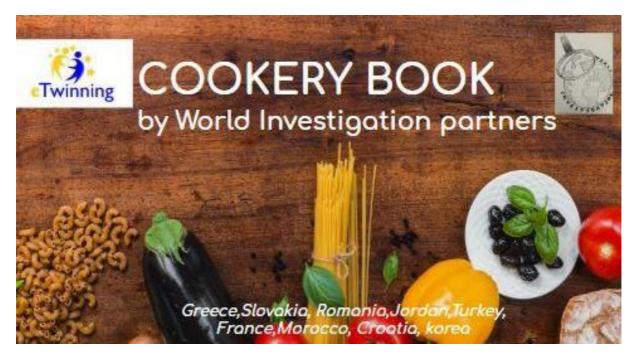








Food traditions



Some of the most delicious recipes!

Have a wonderful culinary trip around our countries!



And if our international World investigation restaurant really existed, which menu would you choose? Here are some suggestions by our students.



International menu suggestions by Eleni (Petroupoli , Greece) Louisa (France), Stella (Petroupoli Greece) and Charlotte (France) Students from different countries working on their recipe presentations









Collective cookery ebook by World Investigation partners



As several students from different partner countries chose to introduce a famous national football player, we decided to create our **World Investigation football team**.

By **FOLLOW** the link you'll be able to read the texts written by our students.(**PREZI**)

https://prezi.com/view/ Oz3N9MJEBDh7zqdL119P/

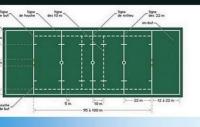
EXPERT TALKS: --

M. Hingray, a sport journalist in the region newspaper 'L'independant' accepted to give us his opinion about our team.

First observation, twelve players were selected. Only eleven will be on the ground. Then, I pity the coach who will have such a workforce. Because for the majority, all these players play in offensive positions. With the exception of goalkeeper Mandanda, there is barely one defender (Skriniar), two defensive midfielders (Hakimi and Rakitic) and the rest are attacking midfielders, attackers. Suffice to say that this will probably register a lot of goals but also cash a lot. Few workers and too many artists certainly. In short, a training in total imbalance. It is therefore not realistic because the players would "tread on their feet" on the opponent's half court. All the players play in contemporary teams, except Shevchenko, the Ukrainian, a legend in his country, Ballon d'Or 2004, retired from the pitch since 2012. As for finding a coach who would embark on such a challenge? None would take up the challenge, in my opinion because none would constitute such a workforce with so few defensive elements. Not even Klopp (Liverpool), Guardiola (Manchester City), yet champions of the offensive game. Therefore, I would not imagine this team winning any competition.

Δ Hingray

What is rugby League?



Rugby is a collective sport between two teams of thirteen players who compete for an oval ball in a stadium. The goal is to score more points than your opponent, either by hand by scoring tries or at the foot by scoring penalties or conversions.











Rugby is played with an oval ball



The object of the game is to score more points than your opponents in 80 minute time. Games may end as a draw.

Students from Collège Joseph Calvet introducing rugby league

Rugby is played with an oval ball .The team with the ball must move the ball up the field .. The ball can never be passed forwards but players can run forwards with the ball or kick the ball forward to chase it down.

There are two 40 minute halves with a 10 minute rest period in between. The goal posts are in an 'H' shape and are roughly 5 to 6 meters apart. The field must be roughly 100 metres long and 70 metres wide. Players wear studded boots, sometimes gum shields and head guards...

Points can be scored by four different ways: • A try • A conversion . A successful kickgoal. • A penalty kick

Sport in our partners' countries by Collège J. Calvet

Read and play the quiz!



Football is probably the most popular sport in Morocco but locals and tourists can also practice hiking, golf, camel and horse riding Skiing is also possible in Moroccan beautiful mountains.



Greece has a long and important history in the world of sport, being the original home of the ancient Olympic Games.



The number one sport in Slovakia is ice hockey.

Anastasiya Kuzmina is Slovakia's most successful Winter Olympic athlete, with three gold and three silver medals.



Korea's biggest contribution to the world of sports is Tae Kwon Do.

Jokgu is another Korean sport which is a mix of football and volleyball. It was 'invented' by Korean military as a pastime. Now, tThe sport is extremely popular in the entire country.



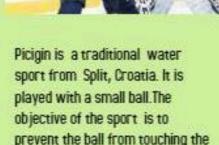
Jereed is a traditional Turkish team horseriding sport. The objective for players on each team is to throw wooden javelins at players of the opposing team.



As with most European countries, Ukraine place special significance to football. There are a number of Ukrainians in the football stage most notably Golden Ball Awardees lhor Belanov, Oleh Blokhin, and Andriy Shevchenko.

> Calcio fiorentino or calico storico (historic football) . It is an early form of football which was developed in 16th century Italy.





surface of the water



Oină is a traditional team sport played Romania which has similarities to baseball. The sport is extensively played only in Romania



PLAY THE QUIZ!



Jordan won their first official Olympic Games medal in 2016, Taekwondo fighter Ahmad Abu-Ghaush won the gold medal in the featherweight category.



CELEBRITIES Greece, Morocco, France, Jordan, Turkey, Slovakia click on the links!

SPORTS GREEK CELEBRITIES

GIANNIS ANTETOKOUNMPO STEFANOS TSITSIPAS ANNA KORAKAKI. KATERINA STEFANIDI **ELEFTHERIOS PETROUNIAS**

FRENCH CELEBRITIES

MOLIERE

RAYAN BENSETTI EVA QUEEN

ANTOÌNE GRIEZMAN KYLIAN M'PAPPE **BIGFLO et OLI SOPRANO ERIC ANTOINE**

TURKISH CELEBRITIES

CLICK DR. EMEHET OZ **FAZIL SAY MESUT OZIL TARKAN**

ARDA TURAN **BARIS MANCO** KENAN SOFUOGLU **KUDSI ERGUNER**

ARABIC CELEBRITIES by JORDAN

SHAKIRA GIDI HADID BELLE HADID

MOROCCAN CELEBRITIES

HICHAM EL GUERROUJ NAWAL EL MOUTAWAKEL **SAÏD TAGMAOUI NADIR KHAYAT** SAAD LAMJARRED

SLOVAK CELEBRITIES

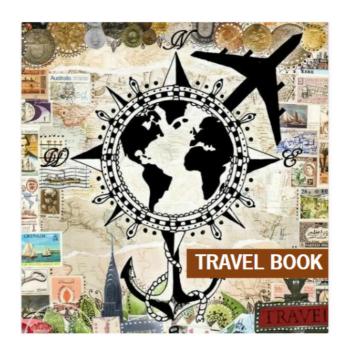
DANKA BARTEKOVA . MIROSLAV SATAN ATTILA PUMUKLI PETRA VIHOVA DEONTAY WILDER LADISLAV KOVACS

GREEK CELEBRITIES (PETROUPOLI)

Vassilis Spanouvlis Lefteris Petrounias. G. Antetokonmpo . Christian Gkolomeef Sakis Rouvas Stefanos Tsitsipas Marinella Kostas Voutsas Vaso Laskaraki and some others



MY TRIP TO ...



'MY TRIP TO' ACTIVITY BROADENS OUR STUDENTS' MINDS

Turkey, France, Jordan, Slovakia and Greece (Petroupoli) 's students dream their journeys and present in a different way.











TERNI, ITALY



SPOLETO

Terni is a city in the southern portion of the region of Umbria in central Italy. The city is the capital of the province of Terni, located in the plain of the Nera river. It is 104 kilometres northeast of Rome. It was founded as an Ancient Roman

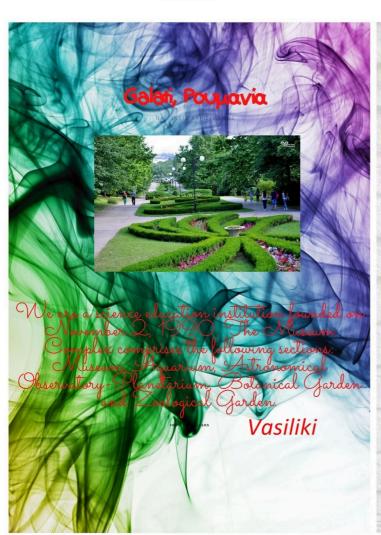
katerina

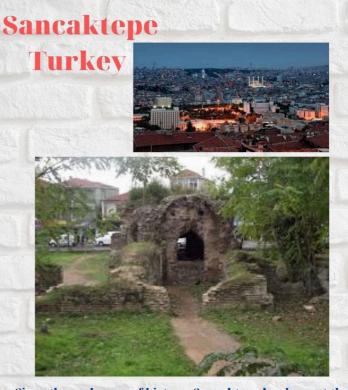
Terni, Italy



Cascata delle Marmore

Located in the Parco Fluviale del Nera, the Marmore Falls is one of the finest outdoor attractions in the region surrounding Terni. Whilst this waterfall may look natural, it is actually man-made and stands as the tallest man-made fall in the world. The Romans created Marmore in antiquity and it has been used as a source of power and to fill the nearby Piedilucio lake ever since. Marmore is a truly spectacular sight and it is possible to see the falls being opened – witnessing the water crashing through the gates is something to behold. Surrounding the falls is a series of trails and footpaths from which you can explore the beautiful countryside.





Since the early ages of history, Sancaktepe has been at the forefront with its recreation areas and summer palaces. The oldest building in the area is Damatris Summer Palace which was a Byzantine Palace and built during the periods of Tiberius Constantine I (579-582) and Mavrikos (582-602). Today, its remains are located within the borders of Samandira.

Knowing some places of our partners
4th Junior High School of Petroupoli, B2 ICT and English class

Traditional Dresses Fashion Show by the Moroccan Team



A traditional dress is more than just fabric. It is a signifier of our identity, heritage and culture.

In this collection, you will explore some of the most colorful and fascinating traditional dresses around the world.

Moroccan Traditional Dresses



French Traditional Dresses



Amazigh Traditional Dresses from our region Souss Massa





South Korean Traditional Dresses



Traditional Dresses by Moroccan Team

Traditional Dresses Fashion Show by the Moroccan Team





Ukranian Traditional **Dresses**



Slovakian Traditional Dresses

Jordan Traditional Dresses



Diversity is awesome!

Every country uses clothing to express its identity. The result is having various and stunningly beautiful traditional dresses in the world.

Turkish Traditional Dresses





Greek Traditional Dresses



Romanian Traditional Dresses







Traditional dresses by Moroccan Team

PETRA, THE ROSE CITY by Jordan Team

P

etra is an ancient city that lies in present-day Jordan and dates back to the fourth century B.C. Ruins of the oncegreat metropolis and trading center now serve as an important archeologic site and tourist attraction.

Petra has also been referred to as the "Rose City" because of the color of the stones used in its buildings. It was named a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1985.

Where Is Petra? Petra is located about 150 miles south of both Jerusalem and Amman, the capital of Jordan, and about midway between Damascus, Syria, and the Red Sea, making it ideally suited as a hub of commerce in the area. The site is considered significant by historians and archeologists alike because of its beautiful rock-cut architecture and innovative water management system, the latter of which made the region inhabitable, given that it is surrounded by desert and rugged, mountainous terrain.

The city of Petra was established as a trading post by the Nabateans, an Arab Bedouin tribe indigenous to the region in what is now southwestern Jordan. The Nabateans living and trading in Petra soon accumulated a significant amount of wealth, and an envious Greek Empire attacked the city in 312 B.C. This event marks the first reference to Petra in recorded history. The Nabateans successfully fought back the Greek invaders by taking advantage of the mountainous terrain surrounding the city. The mountains effectively served as a natural wall, buttressing Petra. However, the Greek incursion was not the last time the city would come under attack.

In fact, the Romans would invade Petra in 106 A.D., and ultimately forced the Nabateans to surrender. The Roman Empire annexed the newly gained territory and changed its name to Arabia Petraea. They continued to rule over the city for more than 250 years until the middle of the fourth century A.D., when an earthquake destroyed many of its buildings. The Byzantines eveBy the beginning of the eighth century A.D.,

Petra was largely abandoned and no longer a significant location commercially, politically and/or culturally.ntually took control of the region, and governed Petra for some 300 years.





Although no longer an important city, Petra has been noted by historians and archeologists for its unique architecture as well as a specific innovation made by the Nabatean Bedouins that established the city. Given the rugged, mountainous terrain that surrounds it, Petra wouldn't seem like a logical place to build a city. However, the Nabateans took advantage of this geography as they erected its key structures. Using an early form of the technique known as rock-cut architecture, the Nabateans literally carved several of the city's buildings out of the surrounding stone surfaces. As the Nabatean culture evolved, and as the Romans and the Byzantines later sought to leave their own marks on the city, the architecture of Petra began to take on a mix of the different cultures that occupied it. Large and ornate tombs built by the Nabateans eventually gave way to Christian churches constructed by the Byzantines, who considered Petra the capital of the province of Palaestina. During this evolution, while the Romans ruled the city after the Nabateans and before the Byzantines, the Petra Roman Road was built. This served as the main thoroughfare of Petra, and ornate gates were built, in Roman style, to mark the entrance to the city. However, the Nabateans' influence over the city's design and structure was not completely eliminated by its subsequent rulers.



In the early 2000s, the site was named one of the "Seven New Wonders of the World,"

Water Harvesting As desert dwellers, the Nabateans had long struggled during seasons in which rainfall in the region was limited. When the tribe built Petra, though, they developed a unique system of conduits, dams and cisterns to harvest, store and distribute rainwater for year-round use. At certain times of year, the area around the city was prone to flooding. However, the Nabateans were able to effectively control these floods using dams and, therefore, the city's water supply. This meant that they could reside in the city even during periods of drought. It also improved the crop yields of Nabatean farmers. Petra Today After the eighth century, when Petra was largely abandoned as a trading center, its stone structures were used for shelter by nomadic shepherds for several centuries. Then, in 1812, the unique ruins of Petra were "discovered" by Swiss explorer Johann Ludwig Burckhardt. He described the ruins of the once-great city in chronicles of his travels. With the western world now aware of their existence, they soon attracted the interest of architects and scholars, among others. Starting in 1929, British archaeologists Agnes Conway and George Horsfield, as well as scholars Tawfiq Canaan and Ditlef Nielsen, launched a formal

. to excavate and survey Petra. Numerous findings have been made in the decades since, including the 1993 discovery of Greek scrolls dating to the Byzantine period as well as the more recent documentation via satellite imaging of a previously unknown monumental structure buried beneath the sands of the area. When Petra was named a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1985, Petra Bedouin tribespeople who had made homes for themselves within the city's remaining ruins were forcibly relocated by the Jordanian government. In the early 2000s, the site was named one of the "Seven New Wonders of the World," leading to a spike in tourism. Since then, efforts have been made to protect the ruins of Petra from heavy tourism, as well as damage from floods, rain and other environmental factors.

Sources Petra. World Heritage Convention (UNESCO). Petra. Jordan Tourism Board. Petra. NationalGeographic.com. Petra exhibit information. American Museum of Natural History. Amnh.org. Petra: inside Jordan's wonder of the world. TimeOut Travel.







Many festivities parades with costumes and kite flying are very popular this season.
Collage of creations by B2 ICT class about "Greek Carnival"

Special Festivity in Greece: The carnival

The carnival is called "Apokries" in Greece and it takes place in late winter over a three- weeks period and dancing before Lent Monday. The exact dates of the Carnival very, depending on Easter. Actually the Carnival finishes 7 weeks before Easter. Important carnival Parades take place in Patras, Xanthi, Corfu island and Rethymno with wonderful floats. Athina Tsorou, Petroupoli, Greece

Some Greek Easter traditions

1. The Easter lamb



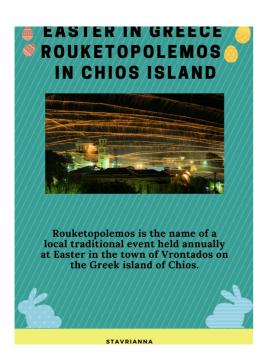
The Easter lamb is one of the most famous dishes in the Greek tradition. We eat it on Easter Sunday starting its preparation and grilling it over coal-fire since very early in the morning.

There all the family members gather to help and enjoy it after.

We eat it with potatoes, rice, salad and kokoretsi and hard-boiled eggs. We drink soft drinks, wine

or beer.

Every year I can't wait the moment that I to taste this mouthwatering delicious this beauty of nature.



2. ROCKET WAR

Rocket war is a custom observed every Easter in Chios. The two rival parishes, St. Marks and Panagia Evittiani, launch thousands of improvised rockets on the bell tower of the opposing church on Saturday night, cheating a unique spectacle. The next morning, the number of rockets found at each belfry is counted to determine the winner. A few days before, the buildings of the two churches and the neighboring houses were covered with a protective metal mesh. The origin of the custom of rocket war is not clear, but it is believed to have begun during the Turkish occupation. According to traditions, cannons were originally used for celebration of Easter. When the Turks banned the cannons, fearing they might be used against them, the locals replaced them with improvised rockets. Rockets war continues nowadays every Easter but with increased protection measures. by Stella, PETROUPOLIS, English class



■ Botides in Corfu

Corfiots mark Holy Saturday with a strange old custom referred to as the "botides" – where large clay jugs filled with water are thrown from the balconies of homes in the center of town, smashing into pieces onto the streets below as thousands gather around to watch. The custom of the artificial 'earthquake' re-enacts the earthquake that followed Christ's Resurrection.

Without this special candle ► we can not think of a Greek Easter

Everyone in Greece has a lambada -a special decorated candle- for the Easter ceremony at church on Saturday midnight.



Greece

The Epitaphios is a Christian religious icon typically consisting of a large, embroidered anoften richly adorned cloth, bearing an image of the dead body of Christ, often accompanied by hi mother and other figures, following the Gospe account. It is used during the liturgical service of Good Friday and Holy Saturday in the Eastern Orthodox Churches, as well as those Eastern Catholic Churches, which follow the Byzantin Rite. It also exists in painted or mosaic form, or wall or panel.



Epitaphios on Good Friday

The most impressive case is that of some coastal towns, most notably on the islands of Hydra and Tinos in our Aegean sea, where the men carrying the Epitaphios reach the beach and march right into the sea, until they are at least waist-deep in water, where they may remain for several minutes, often holding the platform high to protect it. During this time, prayers are said for the welfare and safe return of the many seafarers coming from those communities.

In 2020 the Greek Easter is on 19 April

Religious festivals with centuries-old traditions and customs take place throughout the year in Greece and Orthodox Easter is one of the greatest such celebrations. Greeks follow the Holy Week rites in commemoration of the Passion of Christ and celebrate His Resurrection on Easter Sunday. Easter in Greece in amazing! Very beautiful! You are welcome to experience it with us!





The history of Croatia by -Laura Klajn 6.b

The Balkans were crossroads divided to the Latin west and Greek east by the Roman Empire. The Roman Empire collapsed in 476. Croatia was a part of the Latin sphere so they became of a Catholic faith and all the other Balkan coutries were a part of the Orthodox eastern part. Croatia became a kingdom in 925. One of our kings named Steven the First was captured by a Venician. He played a game of chess for his freedom which is just one of many legends about Croatia. The Trpimirović dinasty ruled until the death of Steven II leading to The King of Hungary to be the next ruler of Croatia.

This introduced feudalism which benefited the 12 noble tribes that ruled the various counties with local autonomy. Altough just a constituent kingdom of Croatia was actually ruled by a "ban". The dalmatian city states were made up of romanized refugees who fled to the coast from the Slavs centuries earlier and set up their own independent territories that thrived on trade with Italy. One of these cities came to particular prominence and was named "The Republic of Ragusa" (Dubrovačka Republika). It was commercially very rich until it got under the Napoleon's Empire.

The history of Croatia by -Laura Klajn 6.b

The Croatian dynasty passed on the Angevin dynasty. The Byzantine Empire collapsed on all sides due to a new threatthe Ottomans. The Croats fought them bravely but sadly they were defeated in 1493 and 1526. We had to turn for help. Hungary and Croatia elected Ferdinand as their King. The Habsburgs and thier allies in Vienna 1529 fought the Ottoman Turks. Almost all of Croatia was returned to the Habsburgs. Venicia was defeated in the Napoleanic wars by the French so the coastline was given back to Croatia but we were still under the Habsburg rule and it was about to get messy. Nationalism was sCroatia was swept up in Croatian nationalism and even more broadly the Yugoslavian nationalists. After the revolutions of 1848 the Habsburg empire turned into a dual monarchy. Austrians attacked Bosnia and annexed it.preading

through Europe like a wildfire. Croatia was swept up in Croatian nationalism and even more broadly the Yugoslavian nationalists. After the revolutions of 1848 the Habsburg empire turned into a dual monarchy. Austrians attacked Bosnia and annexed it. Yugoslavian nationalists were furious so the Balkan war started. Nobody was happy in it. It was depressing and sad to every country. Nobody was satisfied. A young Yugoslavian terrorist group was formed and it was named Young Bosnia. It assasinated the Austrian Archaduke in Sarajevo in 1914. WW1 started. Austria-Hungary started collapsing in 1918. A new state named the Kingdom of Yugoslavia was formed. The Croats and Serbs didn't get along. During WW2 Germany and their allies annexed Yugoslavia. The state was stable under the reign of Josip Broz Tito, but he made Yugoslavia stable but not for long.



He died in 1980 and that's where Yugoslavia started collapsing .Croatia wanted to be independent and left Yugoslavia. Serbia wasn't very happy so they attacked Croatia in 1991. Croatia and Serbia were furious at each other. Thousands of innocent people died. The war ended in 1995 when Croatia took back all its territories and became independent. There are still some quarrels and disagreement between the two governments, bit I hope they will end one day and we will become really good neighbours.

History of Croatia by Primary school Josip Antun Ćolnić, CROATIA

Romanian Myths and Legends

The Legendary Baba Dochia - The return of spring Baba Dochia (baba=old woman, in Romanian), a legendary figure of Romanian folklore, is connected with the arrival of spring, and it is perhaps one of the most well-known figures Romanian mythology. Some sources say she is the mother of Dragobete, while others claim that Dochia was the daughter of the legendary Dacian king, Decebalus., the brave Dacians being the Romanians' ancestors. The daughter of Decebal is said to have thrown herself off a steep rock to avoid being captured by the Roman emperor Traian when the latter defeated her father. Even today, that mountain rock wears the Dacian princess' name and tourists can admire it on their way to Ceahlau Peak, in the Carpathian mountains.

History of Dracula

The myth of Dracula is connected to Vlad the Impaler, who was the leader of Transylvania (a Romanian historical province) and one of the fiercest enemies of the Ottoman Empire. Stories of his cruelty rapidly spread throughout Europe. In Romanian history, he is known as Vlad Tepes, and he is called "the Impaler" because his favorite method of execution was impalement. The name of Dracula has its origin in his father's name, Vlad Dracul. (in Romanian drac means devil) All these stories made Vlad one of the bestknown Romanian medieval rulers, but when Bram Stoker's Dracula was published, a connection was made for the first time between Vlad Dracula and vampirism. Thus, the famous Count who Bram Stoker initially named Count Vampyr came into existence under the name of Dracula. But contrary to popular belief, Bram Stoker had little knowledge of Vlad Tepes. (i.e. Vlad the Impaler)



Portrait of Vlad the Impaler. Photo source: Wikipedia

Romanian Myths and Legends byl Al.I.Cuza National College, Galati

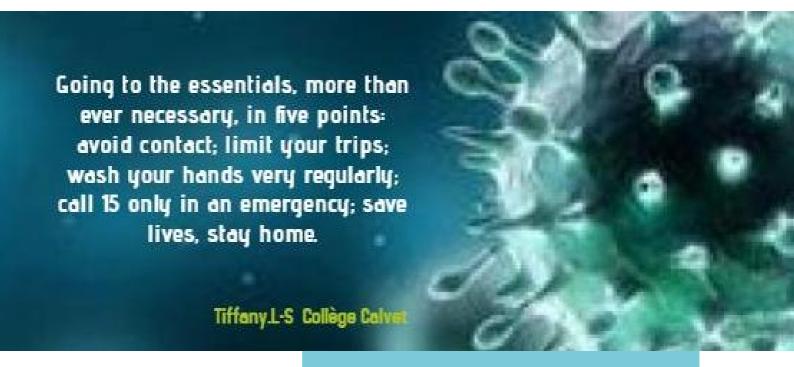




The Ballad of Miorita – the defining Romanian myth The Miorita ballad, is perhaps, the most eloquent Romanian folk poem ever created, summing up the most important beliefs of this nation. The poem is proof of the strong connection between man and nature in the Romanian people, and it inspired countless artists and poets throughout the years. This rhyme ballad has a very simple yet, profound story. Three shepherds from three regions of Romania - Moldavia, Wallachia, and Transylvania (Romanian historical provinces) - are going with their sheep in the mountains. The Moldavian Shepherd is though, wealthier, so the others, full of envy, come with a plan to kill him and steal his flock. But Miorita, the most faithful ewe of the Moldavian Shepherd, hears the plan and prevents her master(Miorita = the Romanian diminutive for ewe). The conversation between them is very emotional. Miorita asks the shepherd to take immediate measures to protect himself, but the shepherd does not do so. His reaction is rather intriguing. Death doesn't seem to scare him, in fact, he is willing to accept whatever will happen. Sanziene - the Summer Fairies The Sanziene are, together with Fates, mysterious fairies with magical powers that bless people and animals, strengthen marriages, and heal people. Their holiday is celebrated on the 24th of June each year, and it is filled with specific rituals, mainly focused on love and marriage.



ARSAKEIA TOSITSEIA JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOLS IN EKALI, GREECE



You can check what's going on now around the world?

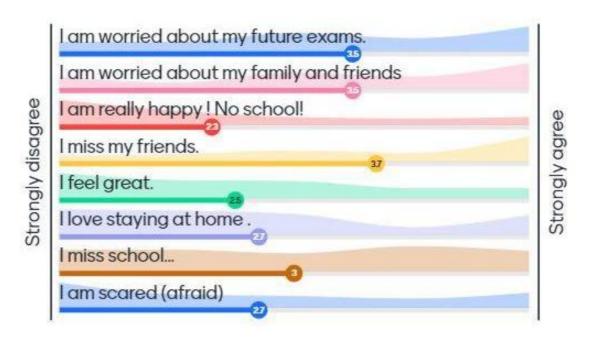
Latest news about coronavirus

orld Health Organization informed people about the coronavirus. Please click.

Coronavirus spreads when an infected person coughs small droplets - packed with the virus - into the air. These can be breathed in, or cause an infection if you touch a surface they have landed on, then your eyes, nose or mouth.

CORONAVIRUS THOUGHTS World Investigation

During lockdown, Students expressed their feelings in different ways...



How much do you know about the coronavirus? What is a virus? Which are the first symptoms of the coronavirus disease?

We asked teenagers how worried they were about the outbreak. They told us how their schools are responding, how they're spending their time, and why they're concerned for their grandparents.





Students from different countries express their feelings during coronavirus crisis.

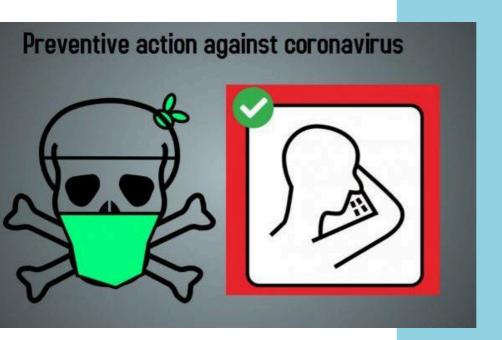
I think this situation is weird because nobody expected that it would go this far. Student did not expect that they will not go in school and teachers did not expect that they will teach students through the internet . I am really curious that how long will this virus exist and when we will go back to school . I am most curious about how will the world be after it ends if we are gonna back to normal or if something changes . I am curious too about what will happen with our final exam and how will the rest of the school year go . But I think that this situation will open eyes to some people and they will realize how important is our health and I think that lot of people will be more hygienic after this . the funniest thing is that this month the world pollution decreased by 60% because a lot of actories were closed and people don't drive their cars that much. But most importantly I hope that it ends soon and we can go back to normal.

S. Szolloszy SLOVAKĬA

Even though we are in a situation like this right now, I don't think you need to panic. As long as you stay at home, don't meet with other people and wash your hands frequently, there's little

chance for you to get infected (at least in my opinion). Some people buy enormous amounts of flour, toilet paper, cleaning supplies and disinfection gels. Yes, of course, it's important to buy those things, but not that much! Just the essentials. At least, there are plenty of activities you can do even in quarantine. You can go hiking, or just for a walk and enjoy the nature. Fresh air is good for you. Or you can enjoy some time for yourself. Read a book, listen to music and relax. Or just watch a movie (with a large bowl of popcorn*). For the more artsy people out there, paint or draw something! You have time for your fantasy to flow. There are people who like sport too. Well, you have plenty of options! Running, riding the bike, skating ... Those are all activities that you can do outside! And for gamers? Games, of course! There are a lot of them on the internet. Spending time at home is good for spending more time with your family, too! Baking cookies, watching movies pr playing with your siblings are all good activities. So use the time that you have wisely! And don't forget to learn too!

Noemi Kuštárová, SLOVAKIA



What I think about
Covid-19 The people all
over the world have to cope
with this horible
pandemics. It bothers me
most when our politicians
have time to argue now.
ButI have to appreciate
that in Slovakia they have
tried to prevent the spread
of the virus immediately.
Unfortunately, I still hear
about the people who don't
care. Finally I hope that
this virus end as soon as
possible

Marek from Slovakia



To be honest, I feel terrible these days.?I'm in a very different mood. Neverthelss,I'm reading books,? studying for my lessons?? and playing games or doing activities with my brother.I'm aldı watching TV. Of course;I'm doing my best to obey the follwing rules Wear your mask? Wear your gloves? Don't hug anybody?♀? Wash your hands I know it's a depressing and very diffucult situation but ???STAY AT HOME???

I'm Nisa Nur ÖZLÜ TURKEY

Hello guys I will talk about my corona virus days. during these days i must stay at home, I can't go to school because they are closed. in Italy there are very strict rules: I mustn't touch our eyes or nose or mouth. I have time to practice my hobbies for example dancing?, play guitar? and train whit my dad; I try to use the time i have to do some activities that I couldn't do before for example cooking and tidy my room.? love Federico ITALY

VIDEO BY BANA, JORDAN

We realize what really matters and how beautiful the world we live in is. People are singing to each other across the empty squares, with their windows widely open so that those who are alone can have a family around them. The world has changed for the better. After so many years of noise you can hear the birds again. After just a few weeks of quiet the sky is no longer thick with fumes but blue and bright and clear. Yes, there is fear, panic, death but even more there is love, empathy and kindness. Sincerely, Andreea Stuck at home

ROMANĬÁ

<u>About online learning:</u>

You can work at the time you want and it is easier to concentrate and work better and quietly at home... When you are tired you can stop for a while and go back to work later but for me ,it's difficult to use the computer. ..The disadvantage of online learning is that you can't get your teacher's help. I don't really like working at home, we are less overloaded by school work but we have trouble following all the lessons and doing all the homework. I can't understand everything and at home there is noone to give me enough explanations and instructions. For me, online learning is a synonym for boredom and loneliness. It is like jail... Joseph Calvet students FRANCE

The history will witness a unique cooperation among humans despite differences, wars and conflicts. Let us say that the coronavirus will correct some or a lot of our ideas, and teach us lessons about how to live in peace and respect each other. Every day in these thirty days in which we were in the lockdown. I start my day with a positive idea away from the storm of the bad news about the epidemic in order to maintain my mental health. In addition, we are having the national exam in June, as are millions of other

AMINE, MOROCCO



















POSTERS BY FRENCH STUDENTS

I have asked my pupils the following questions and here are their answers:

1.At first, during the quarantine I felt scared of corona but happy and excited because I was never n online learning! But, over time I realized that virtual school is so much harder then real school and my happines was gone! Sometimes I feel bored, sometimes I miss my friends and my cousin who lives far away... When I realized that corona is slowly desappearing my fear was gone. Over time shops and pubs opened again, and pupils went back to school! But older pupils didn't go back! I don't know why?! I am so angry and frustrated!! I can't believe I'm saying this but I want to go back to real school!!!

2. Of all the persons I miss my cousin most, but of things that I miss most is... (you won't believe this!)

3. Good sides of online learning is that...well...I think there' are no good sides actually, but I will try. Good sides: Probably there is just one good side... that is that we learn how to learn by ourself! That's it! Now bad sides: There are many bad sides! Like we have much less free time then we have in real school. Probably because some teachers give us too much homework! Besides, excessive screen using is not good at all! Especially for children who have eye problems (like me). Online school isn't good for children who have problems with learning on their own.

By ELENA KRSTEVSKI, CROATIA

MY EXPERIENCE DURING THE LOCKDOWN

When quarantine began I knew it was the right time to indulge in my hobbies or even begin a new one. So, I took advantage of the time I had and I started going cycling. It was a new experience, because I usually didn't have enough time to do that kind of a fun activity. The covid-19 outbreak, which temporarily shuttered many of my favorite places, made me realize how much I took my social life for granted. My closest friends, whom I used to regularly visit, were rightfully practicing social distancing. For us, this means only connecting through our phones. Because of that, I had the opportunity to spend more time and come closer with my family in order to create a really strong bond. As far as online lessons are concerned, it took everyone a little time to get used of them, but in the end they turned out to be a great solution. To sum up, during the coronavirus lockdown I learned to appreciate little things and also to enjoy each and every moment.

By Dimitra, Greece ARSAKEIO I found the quarantine pretty boring but it has helped me gain a lot of knowledge and helped me improve on my skills in many different areas.I have also learnt to appreciate the value of friendships.

Bv Michael , GREECE ARSAKEIO

COVID 19: How Will It Go?

How it has affected our lives so far and what we can do to stay safe and prevent it.-

Kim, Yunjoo

Koreans have to always wear masks because of COVID 19.

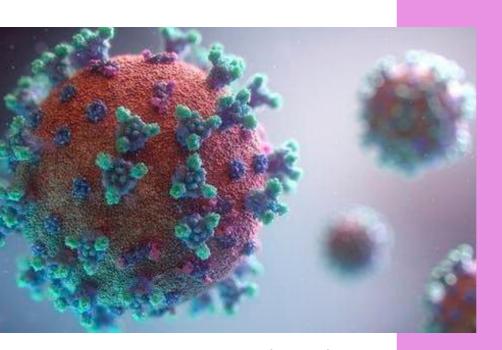
Also, I am in the middle of studying online without going to school. The way to stay healthy is to wash your hands often. Online studying is to take classes by subject to subjects and do homework. classes online. But I didn't have to get up early. And the class ended earlier than usual.

Lee, Haewon

COVID 19 is spreading around the world, and a lot of people's main priority is to stay healthy during this pandemic. These are a few tips that can help avoid the virus. First, wash your hands. After coming home you should always wash your hands with soap for at least 30 seconds. Using soap is crucial for cleaning all of the bacteria. Bacteria can get into the body even when you rub your eyes or nose. Secondly, wear a mask. When you or somebody speczes, the salvia can fly a long

Shin, Seoyoung

When I received the disaster text, I became increasingly anxious because it was a matter of COVID 19 every day. Now people without wearing mask look strange. Some businesses don't accept customers who don't wear masks. I'm so sad that I can't go to school even though I'm in the same class with my close friends. I wear a mask every day when I have to go out. I do hand sanitize whenever a hand sanitizer is seen. I wore a mask at home when I had suspicious symptoms, I didn't allow anyone enter my room. Stay as far apart as possible when facing people who are not wearing masks. I had a big problem with the Internet because I had



Cha, Seohyun

Changes in our lives caused by COVID 19

Because I don't go to school, I don't need time to go to school, so I can sleep more.

I try not to go out as much as I

So I don't meet many friends. Our online classes is about watching movie clips on EBS and working on workbooks, and it seems like a school class. The online classes seem like to actually take classes at school.

Remote learning, our lives at home and how we have been so far.

Choi Seung-hee

In order to stay healthy in daily life, you have to wear a mask when you go outside. And you'd better not go to crowded places. Our online classes are conducted through a program called "ebs online class." Thanks to the efforts of the teachers and students, the classes are going smoothly.

Kwon, Hyerin

COVID19 changed a lot of things. First, in South Korea, we use various platforms to do the on-line classes. Some schools use video chatting but in my school, we watch videos after teachers upload them.

Second, I think we wash our hands more often to keep ourselves in good health. Lastly, Air pollution is improved by social distancing, In many country, quantity of fine dust is decreased.

Hwang, Bowon

I think Covid-19 made nature clean and better than before. I saw the news that the sea becomes clean because people don't go to the sea. Also, I always have a cold in at this time of year, but I didn't have a cold this time. I think the reason I didn't get a cold is that I wear a mask. So I think Covid-19 has a good effect on us.

Lee, Ga-eun

We have to wear masks because of Covid 19. Also, I have a class without meeting my friends and teachers. Many say they want to go back to their daily lives, but it will be difficult to go back to their daily lives. But seeing so many people fighting against this Covid 19 seems to make us feel much more hopeful.



Kim, Seoyun

By COVID 19 our life have been changed a lot. We have to wear mask everywhere and wash our hand when we came back from outside. We have very hard time right now but our small effort can make situation better. Let's try a little harder and get through it!?

[pictures from] http://bitly.kr/akvdobGjV http://bitly.kr/JyEpKKAt7F

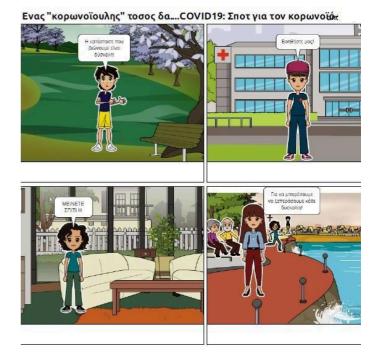
COVID19

Nobody could imagine what this was about! Petroupoli's students during the second week of the lockdown illustrate their experience in comics



News, TV, Run to super market fordisinfectants, black humor from the paradise, the news about the deaths that are increasing, sarcasm from the baby

A spot "Stay at home" We are shocked of what we are watching in the countries abroad



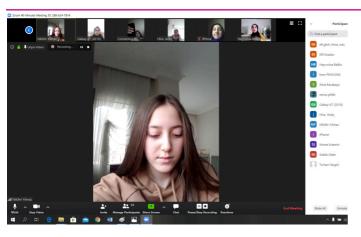


The virus is all around and we must find a way to be safe.

Home alone is the only safe way that we see those days

Live Sessions

Distant Learning Online Teaching



Music and Movies are my best friends nowadays..

"I always like listening music and watching films but these days I adore them.. I cant imagine a world without music. I hope everything will be ok soon'



We are lucky having online learning. We are not far away from schools

I am using EBA to test myself and always get ready for school. It is useful to me. Whenever I want I can sign in and solve tests and read books so I dont have time to get bored"



Learning at home is not a bad thing at all...

"It is a really different experience that we hope we wont face this kind of problems again. But we try to make our times valuable and richer.." Beyza



I miss my teachers and friends. I want to go to school soon...

"Having a good time at home is not like being with my friends at school. I miss my teachers. We meet them online every week and we online learn."



The job of my dreams

Homework on carantine for ICT students in Petroupoli (following guidelines in a google slide and the clarifications during an online meeting (Webex))

My dream job

I want to be a doctor, because I like helping people when they're sick or hurt.

Doctors can save people's lives and that's why i choose this profession.

Eleni Kalentini, B2 ICT Petroupoli, May 2020



A firefighter



I'd like to be a firefighter.
I like this job a lot because I want to help the public in emergency and in difficult situations.

Thanos B., B2 ICT Petroupoli

A doctor



A psychologist

Almost all the choices have to do with students' will to help as

in our survey that was shared in the 3rd week of our carantine, following the French partners survey, the results show that the students were most worried about their families and their loved ones health. They need to take action and offer protection. That is hopeful!

Χρησιμοποιείστε την μπάρα κύλισης για να προσδιορίσετε το βαθμό που

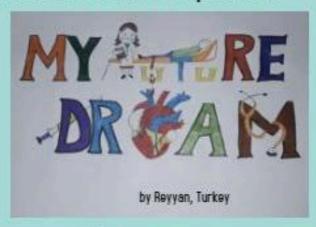


Looking towards

During lockdown, students were creative..

Here are some examples of their future Dream Snapwords.

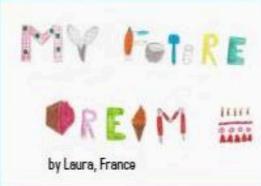


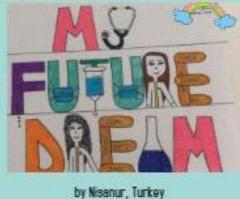










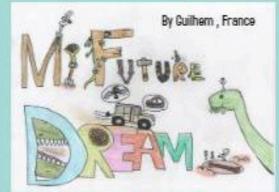








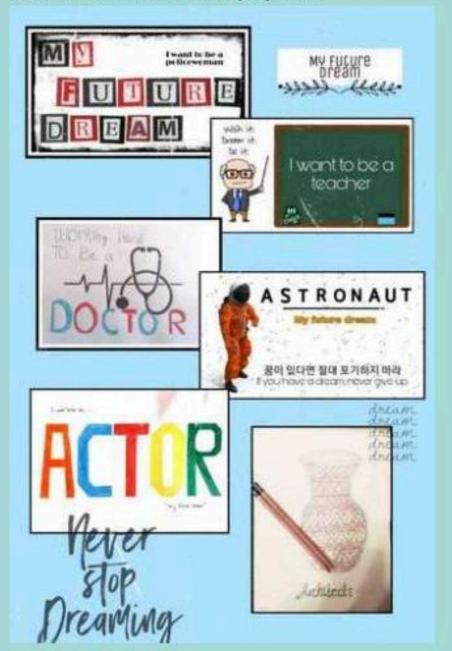
by Dorian, France





a better future.

Jordan students made future job posters



Romanian students wrote poscards to a future friend







Students from Greece (Petroupoli) talked about their dream job

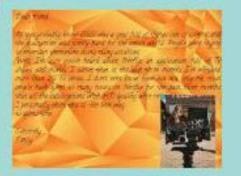












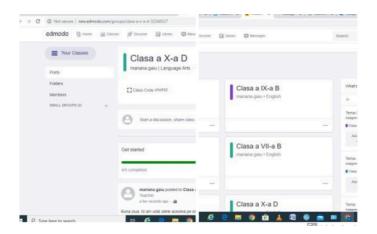
How do we communicate?

Communicating with students during lockdown



TURKISH TEAM

We use Whatsapps groups . Zoom video conferencing . Eba Platforms to communicate with our students.

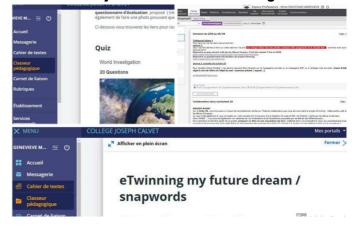


CROATIAN TEAM

Communication via groups on YAMMER

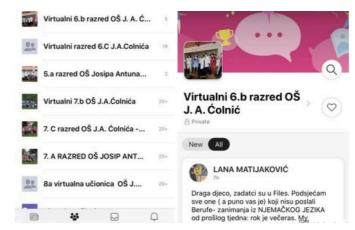


We use two different school platforms Pronote, ENT for the assignments and to upload different types of files but students generally send us their work via emails. We also use meetjisi for visioconferencing.



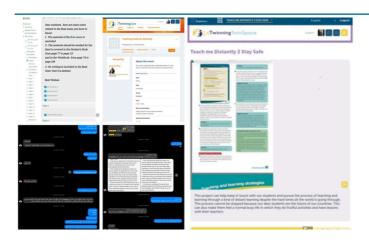
ROMANIAN TEAM

Communication via EDMODO PLATFORM



How do we communicate?

Communicating with students during lockdown



JORDAN TEAM

We had a great opportunity to keep in touch through etwinning live events. In addition, we used the school elearning platform. My students were able to have more explanations through messaging me via Messenger and WhatsApp. Most importantly, I created an etwinning project to finish lessons with my students of grade 12.



SLOVAK TEAM

Basically, we use two different teaching / learning school platforms. The main one is <code>zsmtabraham.edupage.org</code> mainly for the assignments , uploading different types of files and i tis also possible to create here online activities for your lessons.It's really a good platform for systematic teaching and learning. The second one is <code>bezkriedy.sk</code>. We have also used <code>Testy Alf....</code> ... I have learnt how to use <code>ZOOM</code>. ...



GREEK TEAM (EKALI)

Arsakeia Tositseia Schools in Ekali, GREECE. We use microsoft outlook for communication /exchanging emails, viber for instant communication and WEBEX training for online teaching.



4

MOROCCAN TEAM

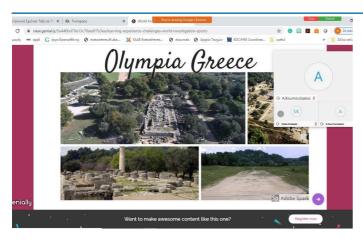
Besides Facebooks and whatsapp, I created a website for our school where teachers can post their lessons (vidoes, documents, photos..etc). The website contains lessons of both middle school and highscool (all subjects) and annoucements by the administration.





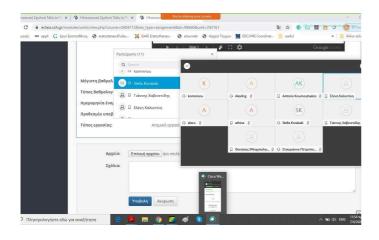
Schools in Lockdown

Communicating with students of the ICT class during lockdown in Petroupoli



Playing the French game for the sports online (a student had shared his screen as teacher's bandwidth had problems)

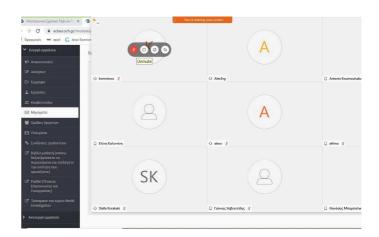
Playing games and following project's activities in our eTwinning "world" had help very much



Online lessons were a challenge for the teacher as well. Eespecially in time management issues and on bandwidth as her family had the need of the wifi at the same hours.

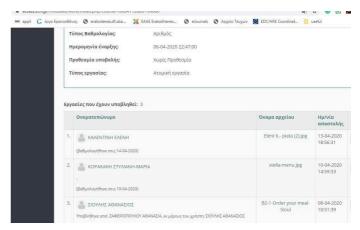
Gradually, we have started getting used to it and the first "frameworks" were uploaded in the platform

▼ Synchronous classes in Webex(Greek Ministry's platform)



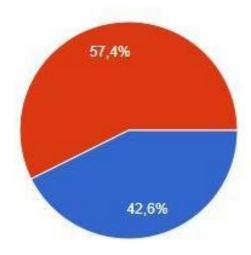
In the beginning there were difficulties in using the online asynchronous class even for those that had the access and the devices

So our first online meetings were about the use of the platform



HOW GLOBAL ARE YOU? (20 questions by project members from Greece, Italy, Ukraine, France, Korea, Morocco, Romania, Turkey "Jordan, Slovakia.)



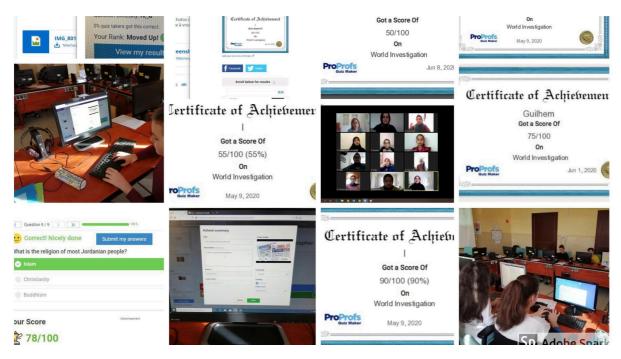


<-- ARE YOU AFRAID OF THE UNKNOWN? (red: no/ blue: yes)

Our survey 3 is online.
You can still answer the 20 questions suggested by the project partners!
(click on the link).
Some examples of questions: How many languages do you speak? Do you like travelling? Do you keep up

with the worldwide news ?Do you like tasting foreign food ?Do you support ONLY your national team?

Online quizzes are a fun way to learn!



Some of our students completed the quizzes and they got their certificates! Well done!

TRY THESE GAMES! World Investigation quiz (Turkey) Kahoot on our collaborative story and Kahoot on media vocabulary (Slovak students) Quiz (Jordan)

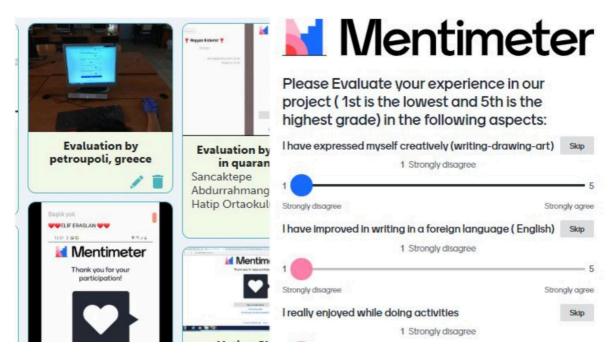




Collaborative story

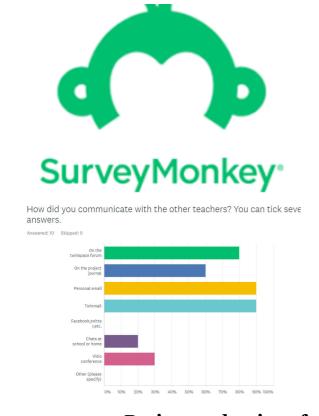


PROJECT EVALUATION



STUDENTS AND TEACHERS EVALUATE THE PROJECT

Our students completed the survey On Mentimeter. Results above . Teachers evaluate the project on SurveyMonkey. Results below.





Several times a week

Project evaluations for teachers and students

This magazine was created by WORLD INVESTIGATION project partners

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School Year 2019-2020